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CHAPTER 248

DISSOLUTION OF CREDIT UNIONS

S. F. 209

AN ACT relating to dissolution of credit unions.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Chapter five hundred thirty-three point twenty (533.20), Code 1971, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

533.20 Voluntary dissolution. The process of voluntary dissolution shall be as follows:

1. At a special meeting called for the purpose, notice of which purpose must be contained in the call, a credit union may dissolve upon the affirmative vote of a majority of its members eligible to vote at the special meeting. Any member eligible to vote and not present at the meeting may, within twenty days after the date on which the meeting was held, vote in favor of dissolution by signing a statement in the form approved by the superintendent of banking and the vote shall have the same force and effect as if cast at the meeting.

2. The credit union shall cease to do business except for the purposes of liquidation immediately upon the giving of notice of the special meeting of the members to vote on dissolution and the board of directors shall immediately notify the superintendent of banking of the intention of the credit union to dissolve. The credit union shall not resume business unless the dissolution fails to receive the required vote of the members or the members shall have revoked prior affirmative action to dissolve as provided for in subsection four (4) of this section.

3. The board of directors shall have power to terminate and settle the affairs of a credit union in voluntary dissolution. The credit union shall continue in existence for the purpose of discharging its liabilities, collecting and distributing its assets, and doing all acts required in order to terminate its affairs. The credit union may sue and be sued for the purpose of enforcing such liabilities and collecting its assets until its affairs are fully settled. During the course of dissolution proceedings, the credit union shall make such reports and shall be subject to such examinations as the superintendent of banking may require. If at any time, after affirmative vote of a majority of the members of a credit union to dissolve the credit union, the superintendent of banking finds that the credit union is not making reasonable progress toward terminating its affairs or that the credit union is insolvent, he may apply to the district court for a receiver to be appointed to terminate the affairs of the credit union.

4. A credit union may, at any time prior to any distribution of its assets, revoke voluntary dissolution proceedings upon the affirmative vote of a majority of its members eligible to vote at a special meeting called for that purpose in the manner prescribed by the bylaws. The board of directors shall immediately notify the superintendent of banking of any such action to revoke voluntary dissolution proceed-

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5. Upon such proof as is satisfactory to the superintendent of banking that all assets have been liquidated from which there is a rea-

sonable expectance of realization that the liabilities of the credit union have been discharged and distribution made to its members, and that the liquidation has been completed, the superintendent of banking shall issue a certificate of dissolution, which shall be filed and recorded in the county in which the credit union has its principal place of business and in the county in which its original articles of incorporation were filed and recorded. Upon the issuance of a certificate of dissolution, the existence of the credit union shall cease.

- SEC. 2. Chapter five hundred thirty-three (533), Code 1971, is amended by adding thereto the following new sections:
 - 1. "Involuntary dissolution.

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- 1. In all situations in which the superintendent has been appointed as receiver as provided in section five hundred thirty-three point six (533.6) and section five hundred thirty-three point twenty (533.20) of the Code, he shall make a diligent effort to collect and realize on the assets of the credit union, and make distribution of the proceeds from time to time to those entitled thereto in the order provided for by law. The superintendent may execute assignments, releases, and satisfactions to effectuate sales and transfers as receiver or after the receivership has terminated. Upon the order of the court in which the receivership is pending, the superintendent may sell or compound all bad or doubtful debts, and, on a like order, may sell all the real and personal property of the credit union, on such terms as the court shall direct.
- 2. All expenses of the receivership and dissolution shall be fixed by the superintendent, subject to the approval of the district court, and shall be paid out of the assets of the credit union.

3. At the termination of the receivership, the superintendent shall file his final report containing the details of his actions therein, together with such additional facts as the court may require.

- 4. Upon the submission and approval of the final report, the court shall enter a decree dissolving the credit union, at which time the existence of the credit union shall cease. It shall be the duty of the clerk of court to cause certified copies of the decree to be filed with and recorded by the county recorder of the county in which the credit union has its principal place of business and by the county recorder of the county in which its original articles of incorporation were filed and recorded. No fee shall be charged by the county recorder for the filing or recording of the decree."
- 2. "Dissolution generally. The following shall apply to dissolution of a credit union under this chapter, whether voluntary or involuntary:
- 1. Distribution of the assets of the credit union shall be made in the following order:
- a. The payment of costs and expense of the administrator of dissolution.
- b. The payment of claims which are given priority by applicable statutes and, if the assets are insufficient for the payment in full of all such claims, in the order provided by such statutes or, in the absence of contrary provisions, pro rata.
- absence of contrary provisions, pro rata.

 c. The payment of deposits, including accrued interest, up to the date of the special meeting of the members at which voluntary dissolution was authorized or in the case of involuntary dissolution, the

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d. The pro rate apportionment of the balance among the members of record on the date of the special meeting of the members at which voluntary dissolution was authorized or in the case of involuntary dissolution, the members of record on the date of appointment of a receiver.

2. All amounts due to members who are unknown, or who are under a disability and there is no person legally competent to receive such amounts, or who cannot be found after the exercise of reasonable diligence shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who shall hold such amounts in the manner prescribed by chapter five hundred fiftysix (556) of the Code. All amounts due to creditors as described in section four hundred ninety-six A point one hundred one (496A.101) of the Code shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state in accordance with the provisions of that section and shall be retained by the treasurer of state and subject to claim as provided for in that section.

3. The superintendent of banking shall assume custody of the records of a credit union dissolved pursuant to this chapter and shall retain them in accordance with the provisions of section five hundred thirty-three point twenty-four (533.24) of the Code. The superintendent may cause film, photographic, photostatic, or other copies of such records to be made and retain such copies in lieu of the orginal records.

4. The dissolution of a credit union shall not remove or impair any remedy available to or against such credit union, its directors, officers, or members for any right or claim existing or any liability incurred prior to such dissolution if an action or other proceeding to enforce the right or claim is commenced within two years after the date of filing of a certificate or decree of dissolution with the county recorder in the county in which the credit union has its principal place of business. Any such action or proceeding by or against the credit union may be prosecuted or defended by the credit union in its corporate name. The members, directors, and officers shall have power to take such corporate or other action as shall be appropriate to protect such remedy, right, or claim.'

Approved April 15, 1971.

CHAPTER 249

CREDIT UNION CHARTERS

S. F. 210

AN ACT relating to the conversion of credit union charters.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Chapter five hundred thirty-three (533), Code 1971. is amended by adding the following new sections: 3
 - 1. "Conversion of state credit union into federal credit union.
- 1. A state credit union may convert into a federal credit union upon 5 the affirmative vote of a majority of its members eligible to vote. at a special meeting called for that purpose in the manner prescribed